

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH



PRESIDENTIAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT. SAMUEL J. TILDEN. OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT. THOS. A. HENDRICKS, OF INDIANA.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Congress, First District. HON. L. C. GAUSE, of Jackson.

For Governor. WILLIAM R. MILLER, of Independence.

For Secretary of State. BENTON B. BEAVERS, of Saline.

For Attorney General. WILLIAM F. HENDERSON, of Randolph.

For Auditor. JOHN CRAWFORD, of Howard.

For Treasurer. THOMAS J. CHURCHILL, of Pulaski.

For Land Commissioner. J. N. SMITHEE, of Pulaski.

For Chancellor. JOHN R. EAKIN, of Hempstead.

For Chancery Clerk. JOHN W. CALLOWAY, of Ouachita.

For Superintendent Public Instruction. GEORGE W. HILL, of Calhoun.

The radicals of Pulaski county have nominated a county ticket.

Orthodox republicans out of this state do not seem to favor the "new deal." Well it is none of our funeral.

The handsome residence of Gen. H. King White, nine miles below Pine Bluff, was destroyed by fire on the 1st inst. Loss estimated at \$12,000. Insured for \$5,000.

We publish this week a synopsis of Governor Tilden's letter of acceptance. It is an able and discreet document and bears evidence of the eminent ability of the author. Read it, one and all.

A man named David Kahn was sentenced to be hung at Batesville a few days since. He was found guilty of murder in the first degree, and the execution will take place on the 29th, September 1876.

The battle of the candidates was fought in Randolph county on Monday last. Much gas was expended; Mr. Hesteliff, as usual, prancing around in a vigorous and aggressive manner. The names of the killed and wounded are not known at this writing.

The "Highland Paper," sometimes called Judge Ebanan J. Searle, is stamping Illinois for Hayes and Wheeler. If that does not insure their defeat in that State, the people thereof are greater "poker" than we take them to be.—S. Standard.

The U. S. authorities have been arresting illicit distillers in New ton and Madison counties in this state. One Dr. Moore led the officers and fell into the hands of the Philistines, otherwise the distillers. They hung him to a tree until he was nearly dead; but he survived and is now at Little Rock. The parcel is still continued and a number of arrests have been made.

Medical Students.

Medical students are, like almost all of the young men of our country at this time, needing money and requiring assistance. Every dollar saved is to them a great advantage, and gives them the opportunity of investing these sums in books and instruments. We understand that the Trustees and Faculty of the Louisville Medical College (Kentucky) have created a number of Beneficiary Scholarships in behalf of those needing such aid; but all of the facts in regard to the matter can be obtained by addressing a letter to the Louisville Medical College, Louisville, Kentucky.

In connection with the above we will state any young man, of good moral character, and fair English education, will on applying at this office, received letter of recommendation which will entitle him to a free scholarship in the above mentioned institution. Any young man desiring to study medicine will do well to call on us.

For the Corning EXPRESS. WALNUT RIDGE ITEMS.

WALNUT RIDGE, Ark. Aug. 2, 1876. Mr. Editor: The citizens of Walnut Ridge are now working to have the railroad from Jonesboro to intersect at this point, only five thousand dollars is necessary to bring it to Walnut Ridge, nearly all of the amount has been subscribed, and the road is expected to be finished by Christmas.

Mr. H. Boas will commence the erection of an eating-house up in Walnut Ridge in a few days. We understand that he is having the lumber prepared in St. Louis.

Mr. Howell is having a nice little cottage erected on East Front Street, near the office of Mr. Crowley, Road Master.

The Walnut Ridge Church and school house is rapidly nearing completion; only the painting and chimneys to be finished.

School is now kept in it, taught by Professor Walker, an able and experienced teacher, who is esteemed very highly in our community. The second session will commence September 4th. Send on your children, as we have plenty of hotels and private boarding houses, and good society.

JULIEN.

We have been shown a letter, written by J. W. Loder, of Washington, Ind., to Mr. Stephens, postmaster at this place, and asked to write some reply to the questions it contains about our town and county. We are at all times willing to do what we can to enlighten those who are about to seek homes in Arkansas, and so will give brief answers to Mr. Loder's principal questions.

"Is your county good farm land?" There is none better. Corn and cotton are perhaps the chief productions, under the present system, of farming; but the grains and grasses flourish here.

"Can lands be bought in small tracts?" Any number of forty acre tracts can be had, and from that up as high as you please. "How about mechanics?" Their wages are good, carpenters, shoemakers, harness makers, blacksmiths etc., do well. For bricklayers and plasterers, the prospect is not so good though a plasterer might do well. Our town has a population of about 500, though it is only three years old. The population of the county is about 10,000.

"What are the most common diseases?" Chills and malarial fevers during two or three of the summer months. At other times we have little sickness.

In the matter of churches and schools we are not as well off as older settled communities, but few neighborhoods are without a school house, an earnest of better things which are rapidly approaching. Many Indians have already settled in our midst, and are generally speaking well satisfied with the county.

Synopsis of Tilden's Letter of Acceptance.

ALBANY August 4.—Gov. Tilden's letter of acceptance was given to the press to night. After referring to his nomination, he turns to the platform adopted, which as a whole seems to him wise, and especially those portions in reference to reform and bringing back the government to its true

functions and original purity. He

says the present depression in all business and industries of the people, which is depriving labor of its employment, and carrying want into so many houses, has its principal causes in excessive governmental consumption. The federal taxes of the last eleven years, reach the gigantic sum of \$4,500,000,000. Local taxation has amounted to two-thirds as much more. The vast aggregate is not less than \$7,000,000,000. This enormous taxation followed a civil conflict that had greatly impaired our aggregate wealth, and had made prompt reductions of expenses indispensable. Even in prosperous times daily wants of industrious communities press closely upon their daily earnings. The margin of possible national savings is at best but a small percentage of the national earnings. Yet now for these eleven years the governmental consumption has been a larger portion of the national earnings than the whole people can possibly save even in prosperous time for all new investments. The consequences of these errors are now a present public calamity, but that were never invisible. He then reviews at great length the whole system of taxation, and the necessity for reforming the same, and details the evils resulting from the extravagance and plundering of those who have had control of the government since the war, and the terrible effect of the financial blunders committed by that party, and its distressing effect upon all the material interests of the country. He says an accessory cause, enhancing the distress of business, is to be found in the systematic and insupportable government imposed on the States of the south. The nobler motives of humanity concur with the material interests of all in requiring that every obstacle be removed to a complete and durable reconciliation between a kindred population, once unnaturally estranged, on the basis recognized by the St. Louis platform, of the constitution of the United States, with all of its amendments universally accepted as a final settlement: of the controversies which engendered civil war. But in aid of a result so beneficent the moral influence of every good citizen, as well as every government authority, ought to be exerted: not alone to maintain their just equality before the law, but likewise to establish cordial fraternity and good will among all citizens, whatever their race or color, who are now united in one destiny of common self-government. If that duty shall be assigned to me, I shall not fail to exercise the powers with which the law and constitution of our country clothe its chief magistrate, to protect all its citizens, whatever their former condition, in every political and personal right.

We hear of another attempted rape by a negro upon a white woman in Nevada county, a few days since.—The citizens are in pursuit of the perpetrator, and it is ardently hoped the inhuman devil will be overtaken. What malicious influences are at work to impel these villains to such infamous deeds we are at a loss to conceive, except it be to stir up the old strifes and prejudices which have been used for the last ten or fifteen years by our enemies and oppressors for political capital. If such be the case the instigators should be the first to suffer the most rapid punishment that can be inflicted. We hope that the day of such crimes for party advancement had passed, and the current of gentle peace was again smooth and clear.—Star of Hope.

SERIOUS CUTTING AFFAIR.—On Friday afternoon of last week, an altercation occurred in Anderson Township in this county, between Mr. Sam S. Langly and Mr. Joseph Strickland, in which the former was seriously cut by the latter, inflicting two dangerous wounds in the left side, near the region of the heart. As the matter is under legal investigation, comment from us might be out of place. Immediately after the cutting, Mr. Strickland absented himself, but returned in a few days and gave himself up, when he was brought before T. M. Ewing, Esq. and the case not being ready for trial, he was put under bond to appear before him on the 4th inst., to answer Mr. Langly's wounds which at first were considered dangerous, under the skillful treatment of Dr. J. R. Dale, of this city, are fast recovering, and he is now considered out of danger.—S. Standard.

Get your election tickets at the Express office. They will be furnished cheaply and promptly.

Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, Section eight of an act approved January 23d. 1875, makes it the duty of the Sheriff of each county to give notice by proclamation of each general and special election in the manner there provided, and WHEREAS, Section one of said act provides for the holding of a general election, for the election of all State, County and Township officers, on the First Monday in September, 1876. Now therefore I, E. N. ROYALL, Sheriff in and for the County of Clay and State of Arkansas, make this my proclamation notifying the legal voters of said County, that and election will be held on

Monday the 4th day of September, 1876, at the several election precincts following, to-wit:

In Bradshaw Township, at Nancy Fox's.

In Chalk Bluff Township, at J. D. Liddell's.

In Cache Township, at Peach Orchard.

In Carpenter Township, at Stephensville.

In Killgore Township, at Corning.

In Johnson Township, at Boydsville.

In Oak Bluff Township, at Oak Bluff.

In St. Francis Township, at J. N. Hitts; for the purpose of electing the following named State officers, viz

One person to serve as Governor.

One person to serve as Secretary of State.

One person to serve as Auditor of State.

One person to serve as Attorney General.

One person to serve as State Treasurer.

One person to serve as Commissioner of State Lands.

One person to serve as Chancellor of Pulaski Chancery court.

One person to serve as Clerk Pulaski Chancery court.

One person to serve as Superintendent of Public Instruction.

And for the following named district, county and township officers:

One person to represent the first Congressional district in the Congress of the United States.

One person to serve as State Senator for the Counties of Craighead, Clay and Greene.

One person to serve as Prosecuting Attorney for the 2d. Judicial Circuit.

One person to serve as Representative of Clay county.

One person to serve as County and Probate Judge.

One person to serve as Clerk of the Circuit Court.

One person to serve as Sheriff.

One person to serve as County Treasurer.

One person to serve as Coroner.

One person to serve as Assessor.

One person to serve as County Surveyor.

Two persons in each township to serve as Justices of the Peace.

One person in each Township to serve as Constable.

Witness my hand as such Sheriff, this 1st day of August, A. D. 1876.

E. N. ROYALL, Sheriff.

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CHEAP CASH STORE.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

To the people of Clay and adjoining counties.

BERGER & CO.

Having opened their New Store on the East side of Court Square, Having positively the CHEAPEST, LARGEST and BEST selected STOCK

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES, STAPLE

FANCY GROCERIES, And every thing usually kept in a COUNTRY STORE. We cordially invite the public to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Highest market price paid for all kinds of country produce. n13-3ml BERGER & CO.

TO THE TRADE! HECHT BRO. & CO.

POCAHONTAS, ARKANSAS.

Are Making Daily Additions to their Stock in the

NEWEST STYLES PRINT

American, English, French and German

Dress Fabrics,

LADIES' AND MISSES' SHAWLS,

Embroideries, Ribbons, Trimmings, Ruchings, Ladies' ties Ladies' Belts,

Cassimeres and Woolens.

FIFTY DIFFERENT STYLES LADIES' FELT SKIRTS,

Ladies Suits and Underwear

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

We keep in this line everything you may want in any qualities.

SADDLERY, Our Stock is Large and Prices Low for Cash.

Groceries and Liquors,

Coffee, Sugars, Syrups, Flour, Meal, Bacon, Tobacco, Cigars and Liquors of all kinds.

QUEENS-WARE & HARD-WARE,

Pocket and Table Cutlery, Sheep Shears Hinges, Augers, Chisels, Carpenter's

Outfits, Rifles, Shot-Guns, Pistol, Cartridges, Ammunition,

Shot-Pouches, Powder-Flasks, Farming Utensils,

Cooking Stoves, Casting, and Tinware,

In this line we are prepared

to accommodate all.

All Kinds of Country Produce Taken in Exchange for Goods.

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

We have 100,000 feet of seasoned Pine Lumber in Corning, parties wishing to build will do well by applying to M. F. COLLIER, our authorized agent at that place. [n1-y].

GLAD TIDINGS!

LIVE CHEAP AND WELL,

By Patronizing the Cheap Cash Store of

W. G. AKERS.

Corning, Clay County, Arkansas.

I am Constantly Receiving large Lots of

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

HARDWARE, TINWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, Etc.

In fact, a general stock such as is to be found in the best store in the country, which I am selling at lowest possible prices For Cash, or National Warrants and Tickets.

My motto is "LIVE AND LET LIVE," being satisfied with small profits and quick sale. Call and compare prices with those of others, and judge for yourselves. Highest Market Price paid for COTTON, BEEF HIDES, FURS, FELTS, and anything else you may have to sell that I can in any way use. [n1-y]

W. G. AKERS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

-AT-

HECHT BRO. & CO.

Corning, Arkansas.

FANCY DRY GOODS!

Notions, Groceries,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, AND CAPS.

Ready Made Clothing.

The most varied and best selected stock.

Hardware & Queensware.

Stoves and Tinware.

Plows, Hoes, Gearing &c. &c.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Looking-glasses, Mattresses. Having the largest stock in Northeast, Arkansas.

STEAM-SAW & CRIST-MILL.

WITH COTTON-GIN ATTACHED. And will furnish all kind of Lumber, Cypress, Oak, Ash and Walnut, at short notice and on reasonable terms. Will also grind your Corn, Gin, and bale your Cotton as cheap as you can have it done in the country. We extend thanks for past patronage and ask a continuance of same. Highest Market price paid for Cotton, Hides, &c. &c.

HECHT & BRO.

Corning, Ark.